

Communism as a Factor That Hinders Social Development

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The government or individuals control the production of goods and services in a country. The ownership of companies, equipment, or other resources depends on the economic system of an area. Since ancient times, many nations embraced socialism as they believed it to create fairness and equality. Over time, capitalism has gained influence over communism because of the problems associated with the planned economy. Capitalism is a theory of social organization in which business owners are determiners the economy. Therefore, communism is not a thing of the past but a factor that hinders communal development.

To begin with, communism determines the production and distribution of goods and utilities (Chattopadhyay, 2018, p. 116). The state sets the prices of goods and does not apply demand and supply under this concept. The controlled prices may create a bridge between the poor and the rich in society. However, government feels no pressure from competitors or price-conscious consumers to cut costs. Additionally, the citizens receive subsidized commodities for the lack of better alternatives. The produce is not reasonable to meet the needs and expectations of the consumers. Therefore, applying communism and capitalism contributed to an efficient economy.

Secondly, common good of community members replaces profit making in communism. Business and organization aim at equal distribution of commodities, realizing no benefit (Duvanova, 2013, pp. 318-412). Individuals contribute and get a share of goods depending on the needs for survival. Example of such benefits are universal healthcare coverage and availability of public schools to all citizens. Lack of business making profit leads to an absence of competition among companies. Healthy competition among industries results in establishment of different market setters for the buyers. This ideology leads to a monopolistic stance and an undue

concentration of economic power. Combining both communism and capitalism contributes to the overall success of market dominance and hence a positive economy outcome.

Lastly, a command economy encourages equal opportunities and economic outcome to all citizens. As every person gets a fair share of the industrial production, corruption and greed may decrease. Employment is another opportunity guaranteed for all members of a community without professional considerations. The lack of appreciation of unique skills with a higher wage rate would lead to demotivation among the laborers. The hiring of people based on special ability is likely to increase innovation (Heller, 2009, pp. 1210-1314). Both communist and capitalist are effective in addressing economic opportunities and success.

As government controls every aspect of a countries' economy, disagreements may arise that encourages incorporation of both ideologies. Such limitations lead to conflict of interest, corruption, poor governance among others. War within a country may break due insufficient outcome of not combining the two aspects. Use of competing ideas and no weapon led communist and capitalist nations to the cold war. Hence countries have embraced both philosophy because use of one will lead to a remarkable failure of the economic success.

## References

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